

GRAND RAPIDS HERALD

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

Outside Office 331
 Editorial Room 100

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

DAILY AND SUNDAY, One Year 3.00
 DAILY AND SUNDAY, Three Months 1.00
 SUNDAY, One Year 2.00
 WEEKLY, One Year 1.00

Light and clear and fair
 weather today.

SPRINGS CHARGES.

In the council last night Alderman Sprout made charges that Director of the Poor Joseph Kruse "has without authority received money for the city, which he has willfully and feloniously retained for his own private use and gain, and in defiance of the order of the common council." He then specifically stated the poor director had received \$43.42 from the U. S. A. home in consideration of an overcharge on a bill against the city which the city had previously paid, and that Mr. Kruse will retain the money in his possession. The motion of Alderman Turner will bring a public examination before the council next Monday night. It is quite evident from Ald Sprout's peroration that he believes he has evidence of crooked work on the part of the poor director. Mr. Kruse will be notified by the clerk to appear in person and Ald Sprout will produce his witnesses and proofs. If the democratic aldermen continue to defend Mr. Kruse, a lively session may be expected.

A FORTUITOUS REFLEX.

Henry Clews, in his weekly letter, accounts for the continued export of gold in the face of a trade balance in our favor of exports over imports approximating \$218,000,000, by the unusually large amount of American securities returned from Europe. He then points as a significant fact in connection with this reflex that it is set in with the silver legislation and agitation which has disturbed this country during the past fourteen months. European capitalists fear a depreciated currency may result, hence they are unloading all securities not payable in gold. In connection and bearing on this subject is Senator Stanford's silver bill, providing for the purchase of silver offerings at the rate of \$1 for 37 1/2 grains of pure silver. The silver dollar as now minted contains 413 grains of coin silver, or within a fraction of a grain of the number of grains of pure silver \$1 will buy. If, as proposed in the senator's bill the standard of value be thus fixed, then the reflex which in a less prosperous time would have created financial disturbances, may be so augmented that the scenes of 1887 would be re-enacted with ten-fold graver disasters. Already the government is coining the entire silver production of American mines, and it is not possible to suppose that an increased silver coinage would do aught else than drain us of gold, and leave us high and dry on a silver basis, which the nations of the world could arbitrarily enhance or depreciate at their pleasure.

DELEGATE AT LARGE.

In its Sunday's issue THE HERALD announced the candidacy of Wm. Alden Smith for delegate at large to the Minneapolis convention, supposing there would be no other candidate from Grand Rapids. It now appears that the Hon. C. W. Watkins is in the hands of his friends for the same honor, and really desires the endorsement of Kent county and the Fifth district in the state convention. THE HERALD has no desire to try to influence the action of the county conventions in advance, nor to prejudice the minds of the delegates who are yet to be elected. One delegate at large should come from Grand Rapids, and no mistake will be made in the selection of either Mr. Smith or Mr. Watkins. Either one will make a creditable representative, and each is worthy of the honor and trust to be imposed. All that can be said of Mr. Smith's republicanism can also be applied to Mr. Watkins. One or the other should be elected, and to accomplish this and to secure a delegate to Kent county, THE HERALD would suggest that united effort is necessary. Only one name from Kent should be presented in Detroit, and that one should have the undivided support of all delegates from the Fifth district.

"BOBBY TARTER."

Walt Butler cites as illustrations of the oppression of the "robber tariff," the enhanced prices on French broadcloths and imported plug hats. How sad dear Walt, is this citation. We hope we may not be accused of heartlessness towards Iowa farmers and shavers, when we say we have no sympathy or tears to waste on poor sufferers who must have imported broadcloths and silk ties. We are willing they should pay for the luxury, and at the same time help support the government in about the only way they are capable of doing it. American goods are cheap, and at the same time plenty good enough for no ordinary use, especially newspaper men.

ARMED OR DECEIVED.

Canadian dispatches claim as the cause of failure on the part of the commissioners recently sent to Washington to negotiate a reciprocity treaty, that Secretary Blaine would not consider any proposition that did not discriminate against English manufacturers. Thus, they now allege, is the reason to their loss, hence their failure to accomplish anything. Perhaps if

the Canadians had asked anything less than the earth their mission would not have been hopeless. The best way to deal with Canada is to shut her off from all privileges, forbid her trains entry to the United States, and in every possible way short of hostilities hinder and obstruct that intercourse which has given her the measure of prosperity she now enjoys. Canada has so long fattened on our bounty that she has forgotten to be decent in her demands. If she really wishes to share the prosperity of the states and to continue to benefit from our bounties, let her take the one and only road to do so desirable an end—annex.

THE BEST GOVERNED CITY.

A writer in Harper's Magazine calls Birmingham, England, as the best governed city in the world. It builds its own street railroads, makes and sells its own gas, and supplies its citizens with abundance of pure water, and with a great part of their food at low prices. The fact is specially worth noting that the cost of gas is only six cents per thousand feet, and it yields the city a profit of \$100,000 a year.

THE TRUE TEST.

"The true test of genuine American paper currency," says Current Literature, "is to hold the bill up to the light so that you can discern two lines running parallel across its entire length, there are a red and blue silk thread inside the paper; no counterfeit has them." Now if some one will tell us how to get the genuine article our joy will be full. Let it be promptly forthcoming to this office.

This London Times is much concerned over a letter which it publishes, purporting to come from a man by the name of Scott. The letter protests against the Times' interference with American political affairs, and its strictures on Mr. Egan. This is on a par with the Brigadier General Winter communication. The Times will learn in the course of time that the "fake," like a bladder full of wind and a few dried peas, is capable of making much noise, but is perfectly harmless.

SENATOR STANFORD's silver bill, in its provisions to issue one paper dollar for every 37 1/2 grains of silver bullion bought by the government and then to coin the silver and disburse it, anticipates the wildest visions of imaginative inflationists. On what he bases the value of his paper dollar, unless it be the bill of the printer who printed it, has not been made public. Certainly that would be its only basic value.

We wish we could say something to impress on every republican the solemn duty of voting this year, and voting straight and voting right. Iowa is fighting the battle of the age, the republican party is on the right side of it, and that party has a right to expect its every member to do his duty.

AMUSEMENTS.

Barlow Brothers Minstrels. Barlow Brothers minstrels drew a medium sized audience at Powers' last evening. The first part contains nothing notable unless that many of the jokes were flat and stale. There are some very meritorious features, however, in the olio. Archie Royer did a silence and fun act, which he concluded with a fine exhibition of high kicking. L. S. Wells, born in Grand Rapids, did himself proud in a musical act and proved to be the strongest card in the show. Ferry, the frog man, is indeed a marvel, and in his contortions of limbs and body set all the laws of nature at defiance. The other two consisted of ordinary minstrelsy, songs and dances.

Redmond's—"His Nibs the Baron." The two large audiences which have thus far seen this farce comedy have bestowed upon it indubitable endorsements. Of itself it is nothing, plotless and common. But in the hands of Mr. Winnett's company of good average, each member of which presents one or more good things in the specialty line, the stage is burned with song, music and character sketches, throughout the three acts. It is a hard working company, and the actors in which they enter into this farce certainly insure them plenty of vigorous exercise. A very neat and startling feature is the mirror dance of the Lajola sisters. It is executed with wonderful neatness and precision in movement. Lottie Winnett, who is well known to our theater-goers, was recalled for her dancing, until she was completely tired out. Marie Clayton got all that was possible of Blanche Benedict. Chas. Robinson was more than clever as Thomas, presenting a very amusing Irish character, with amusing and taking songs. But at this point Mr. Robinson should stop, for his attempt at imitating actors cast somewhat of a damper upon the good impression he had made in his character. N. M. Willis, as the tramp with songs and dances, made such a hit that it looked at one time as though he would have to monopolize the stage the remainder of the evening. The company give a funny performance in every particular and succeed in exciting the greatest hilarity, and this the object of the entertainment is fully realized. The first matinee will be given today.

Geary's Museum.

Three solid hours of amusement without intermission is the bill at this popular resort for this week, and the show from beginning to end is simply great. The specialty portion of the program is made up of the following selected artists: Prof. H. J. Abbott, character comedian; Sadler and Downey in Irish and German characters; Master Eddie Abbott, the brightest juvenile before the American public; La Petite Kitty, the midges imitator of Maggie Kline; the twin brothers Glose do a wonderful performance and never fail to bring down the house at every appearance; the original old time Charley Diamond, with his harp and refused dancing is just as pleasing as in days gone by. The entertainment concludes with Lee Morley's "Fata Morgana," conceded by all to be an unequalled act of its kind. The show runs three solid hours, commencing at 12 o'clock sharp, and does not cease or lag for even an instant until 10:30 in the evening.

Smith's—Vaudeville.

It is difficult to conceive of anything new to any of a good variety bill. An

excellent line of specialties are offered this week, and the audience at this comfortable theater last evening was very soon in a thoroughly appreciative mood. There are many turns that are strong and in some respects brilliant. Allen and Forrest gave an interesting sketch, and Devaney and Allen gave a rollicking break-neck song and dance. The aerial act of the South brothers was meritorious in every way as was the acrobatic turn of the Bell brothers. Misses Clifton and Bryant gave a popular skirt dance, and the dancing of George Allen was the cause of unanimous enthusiasm. Minnie Rose, Emma Frost and Ada Ray were acceptable in turns which included songs and burlesque. The closing sketch, "Jollification," was worthy of the title as it was laughable and funny. Matinee tomorrow, Friday and Saturday.

General Mention.

It is scarcely necessary to say anything about the engagement of Bernhardt in "La Tosca," at Powers' tomorrow night, unless it be that nearly all of the seats have been sold. There are some good ones to be had in the dress circle. The balcony will be sold, as admission that is after the doors are open.

Lottie Winnett, of the company playing at Redmond's this week, is the wife of Manager T. H. Winnett, and a Michigan lady, having been born in Bay City. She is a sister of Mr. I. O. Wilson, of this city.

Annie Ward Tiffany.

As well liked here in "The Shadow of a Great City," last season, Chicago, H. M. Nordell, Ionia; H. G. George, S. H. Row, F. G. Row, N. B. Jones, Lansing; H. F. Cornell, Kalamazoo; W. H. Jewett, Ypsilanti; W. F. Bain, East Lansing; D. C. Tillotson, Muskegon; Fred Williams, Jackson; A. J. Sinclair, Lansing; J. M. S. Neal, Toledo; C. W. Watkins, M. H. Raymond, W. R. Foster, Grand Rapids; J. W. O'Brien, Grand Haven.

State Underwriters.

The monthly meeting of the Michigan State Underwriters' association was held at the Morton house yesterday. There was a large attendance, but no business of public importance was transacted. After the usual routine business had been transacted, the offspring of Prometheus had a banquet in the ordinary of the Morton. The following state and general agents took part in it: D. W. Andrews, Geo. A. Armstrong, J. J. L. England, J. S. Fletcher, W. F. Hawthurst, F. A. Ver-nor, F. H. Whitney, Detroit; A. S. Weatherbee, J. Maxwell Brown, G. M. P. Smith, S. H. Southwick, Chicago; H. M. Nordell, Ionia; H. G. George, S. H. Row, F. G. Row, N. B. Jones, Lansing; H. F. Cornell, Kalamazoo; W. H. Jewett, Ypsilanti; W. F. Bain, East Lansing; D. C. Tillotson, Muskegon; Fred Williams, Jackson; A. J. Sinclair, Lansing; J. M. S. Neal, Toledo; C. W. Watkins, M. H. Raymond, W. R. Foster, Grand Rapids; J. W. O'Brien, Grand Haven.

Pastors' Conference.

The pastors' conference yesterday afternoon, at the Y. M. C. A. parlors, was meagerly attended. In the absence of President Mulhern, Vice President Fry called the meeting to order, and the Rev. R. S. Goodman led the devotional exercises. Presiding Elder W. I. Coghall was to have presented a paper on "Impressions in the South," giving a few facts gleaned from his observations while on his recent trip through that section, but he was in attendance at the district conference of the M. E. ministers which was in session at the North Division street M. E. church yesterday afternoon. There being no paper to be presented, the Rev. W. A. Fry, by request, gave a brief outline of his work among the city poor. It is expected that Presiding Elder Coghall will read his paper at the next meeting. The Rev. J. W. Russell pronounced the benediction, and the meeting adjourned.

Literary Young People.

Young people of the eastern part of the city formed a literary circle called the Young People's Literary society of Grand Rapids. They meet at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. T. Boone, corner of Thomas and Henry streets, Tuesday evenings of each week at 7:30 sharp. The following are the officers: President, T. Boone; vice president, James De Young; secretary, Harry Pelton; treasurer, John Wierman.

WILL FIGHT PALMER.

William R. Morrison Announces His Determination to Defeat Senator Palmer's Nomination for the Presidency. CHICAGO, March 7.—Mon. William R. Morrison is in the city. To a reporter he talked freely. Regarding Senator Palmer's candidacy for the presidential nomination he said:

"I am opposed to Senator Palmer's candidacy, and to his nomination for the presidency. Senator Palmer is altogether too old to be a candidate. He is in his 70th year, and I don't believe any man at that age should be a candidate. Then, again, the senator is a man who would not support Senator Palmer's candidacy as a practical gift to the republicans of a senatorship, because the next legislature which would elect a successor to Sen. Palmer would not be republican. I shall have many friends in the state and national conventions."

"You are an avowed candidate for the presidential nomination?"

"Well, a man can't very well be a candidate for the presidency if he has no state delegation in support of him, but I've got many friends outside of Ohio county and they will be in the state convention. These friends will be numerous. They will be staunch friends of mine. They will be opposed to Sen. Palmer's candidacy, which is not looked upon favorably in the southern part of the state."

"If the state convention declares for Palmer will you fight him?"

"I never believe in the nomination of a man who is not a native-born citizen, and I never will. I have no reason to believe that my friends would do such a thing. But I cannot tell what they will do. Of course if the state delegation is not for me I certainly will not be a candidate."

New Industries Down South.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., March 7.—The Trade Association, in its review of new industries established in the southern states for the week ending March 5, reports fifty-five new industries as established or incorporated.

Tragedy in Wisconsin.

WATERVILLE, Wis., March 7.—At 11 o'clock a. m. Charles Egge, a laborer, shot his wife and then himself. He is dead and his wife cannot recover. Jealousy is supposed to be the cause.

Dry Goods Fire at Glass City.

GLASS CITY, Mo., March 7.—Fire broke out Saturday afternoon in the dry goods house of J. H. Mayhew, causing a loss of \$15,000. The wholesale dry goods stock of H. A. Zandt & Co., occupying the second and third floors above, was damaged by smoke and water to the amount of \$20,000.

A So. Lewis Woman Killed.

St. Louis, March 7.—Fireman John T. Sweeney, of track No. 3, was instantly killed by the explosion of a Babcock extinguisher at a small fire at Twelfth and Pine streets at noon Sunday.

He Will Be Lynched.

MAISON CITY, Ia., March 6.—About three years ago Mrs. George Stuart, of Buile, died, leaving to her husband's care five children, the oldest a girl of 10. The mother got together, but last night her oldest girl went to New

York. She returned last Saturday and became a mother the next day. She then told a horrible story of how not only she, but her younger sisters, had been for three years compelled to submit to a father's lust. Stuart has died, but he is being hunted, and if caught will undoubtedly be lynched.

SHORT SPECIALS.

G. B. Caton has been arrested at Unionville, Ia., charged with making counterfeit money.

The Kansas democratic convention to elect delegates to Chicago will meet at Salina April 25.

A telegram received at New York announces the election of Harrison as president of Guatemala.

The new directory of Dixon, Ill., gives that place a population of 4,791, an increase of 2,099 in a year.

The committee on appropriations of the Iowa house has cut the world's fair appropriation from \$200,000 to \$100,000.

C. A. Dean, of Denver, has been awarded damages of \$45,000 against B. W. French for alienating his wife's affections.

Daniel Hayes, a wealthy Dudley (La.) farmer, laboring under the mania that he was starving to death, committed suicide by hanging.

Isaac N. Elm, a well-known stock dealer of Dallas, Tex., was shot dead by Add Owens. The cause is unknown. Owens has been arrested.

Farmer Samuel Forgie fell through a worn-out well cover into a well 92 feet deep at Brooklyn, Ia., and was injured so badly that he died.

Mrs. Minnie Smith, of Manson, Ia., has secured \$3,000 damages from the town for injuries sustained through falling into an open ditch last summer.

A coal miners' strike in Iowa seems imminent. The miners' scale has been cut down from 10 cents to 8 cents, and a great deal of dissatisfaction exists.

Joseph E. Jackson, who shot and killed John Crouch at Hillsboro, Ill., for wronging his daughter, had a preliminary hearing and was committed to jail.

George B. Gramman, a wealthy brewer of Norwalk, Conn., is being tried in a federal court for defrauding a nickel-in-the-slot machine by using bad nickels.

LEISURELY MEXICANS.

They Are Never in a Hurry to Accomplish Their Ends.

A friend of mine, representing a big American implement house, went to Durango a short time ago and then started out to solicit trade, says a writer in the Kansas City Times. He had a lot of samples in Durango and was prepared to do a big business. He worked a week and did not get an order. Finally he met a young man who had lived several years in Mexico, and began to abuse the country to him. "I know what the matter with you," said that young man, "you are in too big a hurry. You talk plover and rapers to them and you push them too much. Those are two things you must not do—talk about your business and hurry the people. If you will put yourself in my hands for four days I'll sell something for you." It was done, and the two went together to call on a rich implement dealer. The traveling man every now and then wanted to talk plover, but his friend, who acted as interpreter, talked of everything else. Finally they dined with the old Mexican, and over a bottle of cognac the interpreter casually remarked that his friend represented an implement firm, and had a lot of samples at Durango. The old man merely answered that he might go over and look at them. The implement man waited three days and would have gone, but his friend made him wait the full time. The old merchant went around a little ordered six carloads. He hardly seemed to care what the price was, and the implement man was sure that he did not know how many flocks could be put in a car. He explained, but the old man simply repeated his order and drew up a check for the amount on the spot.

BLEACHING HORSES.

New and Ingenious Method of Getting Away with Stolen Horses.

At Batesville, Ark., a recent shooting affray brought into notice a woman known as "Sorrel Sue." She has always appeared in public riding a sorrel horse. It was believed she belonged to a gang who stole horses, says the Spokane Spokesman.

A surgeon who was summoned to attend one of her admirers, who had been wounded in the row, mistook his way and wandered into Sue's cabin. Before he could be hustled out he saw things which roused his suspicions.

These he reported to Sheriff Timone, who, with a posse, managed to surround the den of horse thieves, capturing Sue and two of her gang. He found that Sue had applied the means of bleaching her own hair to that of her horses. When the posse entered they found a horse, enveloped in a jacket made of rubber coats, being treated to a sulphur vapor bath. The appliances were very ingenious, and worked very well.

A black or bay horse would be stolen and run into the bleaching. After its color was changed and its mane and tail trimmed, the disguise became so pronounced that without any great risk the animal could be taken in daylight through the very district from which it had been stolen. It was Sue's business to not only superintend the bleaching but also to ride the animal out of the country.

PROFITABLE BENEVOLENCE.

The Clover Culture of a Probationary Student.

A crowd was gathered in the hotel smoking-room and a stranger, somewhat sooty, but of gentlemanly manners, entered without causing any particular remark. Presently, says the Bangor Transcript, there came from without the mechanical notes of a piano organ. The stranger arose, went to the window, looked out for a moment and then said in sympathetic tones:

"Hard lines for a poor fellow to go about the streets playing tunes that must be agonizing to one in his former condition. Come, gentlemen, let us take up a collection. I'm not wealthy, but I'll start it with half a dollar." So said, he took off his hat and, after dropping a half-dollar into it, passed it around. All responded more or less liberally and with a better step the stranger went out to make the collection happy. It is probable that he succeeded, for a few months later the stranger and the piano organ were

driving the banjo-struck organ to town themselves in a familiar way, which would seem to indicate that they were partners in a common enterprise, especially in view of the fact that the stranger pocketed a half-dollar before the allotment began.

Corporal Punishment in South.

The inhabitants in several districts of the province of Sinaloa, Sonora, lately petitioned the ministry of the interior for the abolition of corporal punishment—the bastinado, birching, etc.—in the case of any persons who have received a school education, declaring that the manner in which the chastigation is administered for the slightest offense is unbecomingly to the dignity of persons of education. The ministry of the interior replied that the question was one of general importance to the whole empire and could scarcely be raised in any one district alone. Therefore he refused to comply with the petition, adding: "The law of the 15th of July, 1890, gives uncontrolled authority to the respective national (government) inspectors, combining police, judicial and fiscal authority in one person to inflict corporal punishment. They will doubtless exercise such authority in a manner which will not appear too heavy to the persons concerned."

Electricity for Voting.

In Brussels has been patented an electric machine for voting, says a Portuguese newspaper. The apparatus has the form of a small melodeon and is composed of a key board of electric buttons and a pedal board. The key board bears the names of the candidates, and the voter touches the corresponding key and sees printed the name of his choice. The illiterate have been provided for by a photograph of each candidate placed over his name.

HE WAS JEALOUS.

That Was What Was the Matter with This Intelligent Dog.

A young man had owned for some years a dog who was his constant companion. Recently the young man married and moved with his bride and his dog into a house on the opposite side of the street from his father's house, his own former home.

The dog was not happy, says the London Spectator. One day when the master came home his wife sat on his knee, while Jack was lying by the fire. Jack rose from his place, came over to the couple and expressed his disappointment.

"Why, Jack," said the master, "this is all right, she's a good girl," and as he spoke he patted her arm. Jack looked up at him, turned away and left the room. In a moment they heard a noise, and going into the hall they found Jack dragging his bed downstairs.

When he reached the front door he whined to be let out, and when the door was opened he dragged his bed down the steps and across the street to his old home, where he scratched for admittance. Since then he has never been back to his master, refusing all overtures.

INDICATIONS OF AGE.

Physical Defects Which Betoken Failing Strength.

The surest indications in man, says a St. Louis physician, are a moist eye, a dry palm and a shrinkage of the calf of the leg. All these indications are due to some action of the nervous system upon advancing years. In the matter of the eye, the fifth section is interfered with, and it is this which causes a flow of water. The dryness of the palm is produced by an interference with the functions of the body, also due to the action of the nerves, and the shrinkage of the leg follows from similar causes. In old age, too, you notice some men become more corpulent than in the earlier portion of their lives. With drinking men the change is often produced by the quantity of saccharine which they consume with their drink, and with those who do not drink follows from other physiological changes. As to the hair becoming gray, it results, in the majority of cases, from the partial closing of the hair cells and the reduction of the quantity of natural coloring matter which the cloths produce. With women the dimness of the eye does not come so soon as it does in men.

FISHING BY ELECTRICITY.

It Is Simply Murders and Should Be Stopped by Law.

Attention has been called to a serious abuse of the electric light. The sense of sight is extremely well developed in fishes, and years ago the Indians recognized this and attracted fish at night to the point of their spears by the glare of torches. When used along with the electric light most kinds of nets become simply murderous in their effects, for the brilliancy of the light is an irresistible attraction to the fish. Salmon fishers and others who take and pack fish on a large scale are resorting to the use of the electric light for this purpose, and the wholesale destruction of fish is likely to lead to the extermination of certain species. The great injury arising from this cause consists in the fact that such quantities of fish are caught that a large proportion of them are wasted instead of being turned to their legitimate use of feeding the population of the country, says Electricity. The indiscriminate destruction of fish in this way is almost criminal, and if prompt measures be not taken for placing it under some sort of restriction our fish supplies will in a few years be, if not exhausted, very seriously crippled.

A Royal Train.

The imperial railway train that has just been made to order for the German emperor has cost the Prussian exchequer nearly one million dollars. It is composed of eleven carriages connected by corridors, and all constructed on a style of unparalleled luxury and magnificence. One carriage, which is designed to be the emperor's study, is hung with real Gobelin tapestry from Charlottenburg, and the salon carriage is upholstered in white satin. The remaining cars comprise a nursery, a reception room adorned with marble statuary, an oak dining-room, a kitchen, and bathroom for several guests.

Bad Eyes.

In only one case out of fifteen are both eyes in good condition. In seven cases out of every ten people possess one eye which is stronger than the other. In two cases out of five patients are affected with astigmatism. Nearly fifty per cent. possess an important deviation of vision.

NERVOUS AND SICK HEADACHE.

How to Perfectly Cure Them.

All forms of headache are of a nervous character, and are caused by a weakness, or irritation or disease of nerves of the head, or to the disorders of the system from spinal debility, malaria, and to cure such cases it is absolutely necessary to use Dr. Greene's Nervura. The Nervura also, which has been so successful in curing more headaches and nervous disorders, is the most perfect and most pleasant medicine that any other known medicine. This condition should never be neglected. Many persons who suffer from headache have, by repeated failures to find relief, despaired of cure. To such we would say, by all means secure a bottle of this wonderful remedy, and watch its marvellous effects. It is the most perfect and most pleasant medicine that any other known medicine. Twenty vegetable and herbaceous ingredients.

"For over twenty years my life was made miserable by frequent and violent headaches. At times they were so severe I feared I would go insane."



"OH! MY HEAD IS SPLATTING!" No one could suffer worse than I did. I bought Dr. Greene's Nervura, and the very first bottle stopped the headaches, and I never had any trouble with my head since that time. After suffering for twenty years I was cured by Dr. Greene's Nervura.

Mrs. Mary Green, Basin street, Knoxville, Tenn.

"Dr. Greene, the successful specialist, is curing all forms of nervous and chronic diseases, 35 W. 14th street, New York. Can be consulted free, personally or by letter. Call or write him about the cure, or send for symptom blank to fill out, and a letter fully explaining your disease, giving advice, etc., will be returned free."

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

POWER'S GRAND OPERA HOUSE. Brady & Garwood, Lessees and Managers.

ONE NIGHT ONLY. Wednesday, March 9.

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT OF M'NEE.

Sarah Bernhardt.

Under the Direction of HENRY E. ARDEL and MAURICE GRAU.

LA TOSCA.

Drama in Five Acts, by VICTORIEN SARDOU.

Prices, 50c, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50. Seats now on sale.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE. Brady & Garwood, Lessees and Managers.

C. SUMNER BURROUGHS, Acting Manager.

One Week Commencing Sunday, MAR. 6.

444 MATINEE—TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY.

"What's a Name?"—NEAKESPEAR.

The Evening, Morning, Pearly Musical Farce Comedy.

10 His Nibs—The Baron.

A Farce Comedy with a plot, introducing all the latest songs, dances and medium in comedy of the season.

20 "THE MIRROR DANCE."

10 Comedians and 8 Pretty Girls. More novelties introduced than ever attempted by modern farce comedy organizations. Don't fail to see this Great Carnival of Laughter.

Next Week—Annie Ward Tiffany.

WILLIAM B. SMITH, Proprietor and Manager.

The Only Recognized Vaudeville Theatre in the City.

ONE WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, MAR. 7.

Matinee—Wednesday, Friday and Saturday.

BELL BROS.

Specialty and Comedy Company